



U.S. Citizenship
and Immigration
Services

U.S. Department of Homeland Security
U.S. Citizenship and Immigration Services
Verification Division
Camp Springs, MD 20588

Information for SAVE Users: Afghan Arrival Categories, Documentation, and SAVE Responses

Background

Operation Allies Welcome (OAW) is a U.S. Department of Homeland Security (DHS)-led effort across the federal government that began in July 2021 to support vulnerable Afghans as they safely resettle in the United States. OAW includes screening before arrival in the United States, initial immigration processing, COVID-19 protocols and additional medical services, and connection with resettlement organizations for community placement. These efforts are closely coordinated with partners in state and local government, nongovernmental organizations, and the private sector.

Afghans who are part of this operation will generally be in one of the following categories:

- Special Immigrant Lawful Permanent Resident (SI LPR)
- Special Immigrant Conditional Permanent Resident (SI CPR)
- Special Immigrant Parolee (SI Parolee)
- Non-SI Parolee (sometimes referred to as a “humanitarian parole” or “OAR parole”¹)

The scope of this information sheet is limited to these four categories. However, please note that some Afghan arrivals may have been eligible for and admitted in one of many other immigration categories, either at the time of their arrival at a port of entry or through a change afterwards.

Eligibility for Federal Public Benefits

Afghan SI LPRs and SI CPRs

Afghan SI LPRs and SI CPRs meet the immigration status requirement for public benefits at section 602(b)(8) of the Afghan Allies Protection Act of 2009 (8 U.S.C. § 1101 note), which states that Afghans granted special immigrant status “shall be eligible for resettlement assistance, entitlement programs, and other benefits available to refugees admitted under section 207 of [the Immigration and Nationality Act] (8 U.S.C. § 1157) to the same extent, and for the same period of time, as such refugees.”

¹ “OAR” refers to the Operation Allies Refuge (OAR) evacuation effort announced in July 2021. The effort was later renamed Operation Allies Welcome (OAW).

Afghan SI Parolees and Non-SI Parolees

Federal law states that Afghans paroled into the United States between July 31, 2021 and Sept. 30, 2022, regardless of whether they are SI or non-SI parolees, “shall be eligible for resettlement assistance, entitlement programs, and other benefits available to refugees admitted under section 207 of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. § 1157) until March 31, 2023, or the term of parole granted..., whichever is later” unless parole has been terminated by the Secretary of Homeland Security. Afghanistan Supplemental Appropriations Act, 2022, Pub. L. No. 117-43 § 2502, 135 Stat. 377 (8 U.S.C. § 1101 note).

SAVE user agency personnel should consult with their supervisor if they are not sure whether a particular immigration status or category is eligible for a benefit that their agency administers. SAVE does not determine benefit eligibility but can assist agency personnel by providing information about federal immigration law and policy.

REAL ID Driver’s License/Identification Card

Afghan SI LPRs and SI CPRs

Afghan SI LPRs are LPRs and therefore meet the lawful status requirement for a REAL ID Driver’s License or Identification Card (REAL ID). Similarly, Afghan SI CPRs are CPRs, which are a type of LPR, and thus also eligible for a REAL ID.

Afghan SI Parolees and Non-SI Parolees

Afghan SI parolees and non-SI parolees who meet either of the criteria noted in the federal public benefit eligibility section above also meet the lawful status requirement for a REAL ID. For additional information, please see the applicable section in the [DHS REAL ID FAQ](#).

Afghan Arrival Categories, Codes, and SAVE Responses

The chart on page 3 provides information regarding the Class of Admission (COA) codes, documentation, and SAVE responses for the SI LPR, SI CPR, SI parolee, and non-SI parolee categories.

SAVE Afghan Arrival Chart

AFGHAN ARRIVAL CATEGORY	CLASS OF ADMISSION (COA)	DOCUMENTATION	SAVE INITIAL RESPONSE ²
Special Immigrant Lawful Permanent Resident (SI LPR)³	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • SQ1 (Arrival - Principal) • SQ2 (Arrival - Spouse of SQ1) • SQ3 (Arrival - Unmarried Child of SQ1) • SQ6 (Adjustment - Principal) • SQ7 (Adjustment - Spouse of SQ6) • SQ8 (Adjustment - Child of SQ6) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Permanent Resident Card (Form I-551, also known as a Green Card) • Foreign passport with Machine Readable Immigrant Visa (MRIV) • Foreign passport with temporary I-551 stamp 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Lawful Permanent Resident – Employment Authorized • COA Code – SQ1, SQ2, SQ3 (may also be SQ6, SQ7, or SQ8 if applicant obtained SI LPR status after arriving in United States) • Date Admitted To – Indefinite
Special Immigrant Conditional Permanent Resident (SI CPR)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • CQ1 (Principal) • CQ2 (Spouse of CQ1) • CQ3 (Child of CQ1) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Permanent Resident Card, Form I-551 • Foreign passport with MRIV • Foreign passport with temporary I-551 stamp 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Conditional Resident – Employment Authorized • COA Code – CQ1, CQ2, or CQ3 • Date Admitted To – Indefinite
Special Immigrant Parolee (SI Parolee)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • SQ4 (Principal) • SQ5 (Dependent) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Form I-766, Employment Authorization Document (EAD) with C11 parolee category • Electronic Form I-94 with SQ4/SQ5 SI Parolee notation signed and dated by USCIS officer 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Parolee • COA Code – SQ4, SQ5 • Date Admitted To (Parole Expiration Date) • Country of Citizenship
Non-Special Immigrant Afghan Parolee (Non-SI Parolee)⁴	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • OAR (CBP implemented August 2021) • PAR, DT (these or other parole COAs used instead of OAR before August and occasionally afterward) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Foreign passport with CBP PAROLED stamp and/or parole COA notation • EAD with C11 parolee category • Electronic Form I-94 with OAR, PAR, or DT COA (may be able to obtain print copy from CBP I-94 website) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Parolee • COA Code – OAR, PAR, DT • Date Admitted To (Parole Expiration Date) • Country of Citizenship

² SAVE Additional Verification (AV) may be needed to obtain full SAVE response. AV response may be worded differently than initial response (see Guide to Understanding SAVE Verification Responses), and some information may be in DHS Comments field. Grant Date may be included in SAVE response if your agency is authorized to receive it.

³ Afghans generally obtain SI LPR status based upon having worked for or on behalf of the U.S. Government or the International Security Assistance Force. However, a small number of Afghans have instead obtained SI LPR status based upon specific past work as translators or interpreters and will have an SI1, SI2, SI3, SI6, SI7, or SI8 COA.

⁴ Non-SI parolee is also sometimes referred to as “Afghan humanitarian parole” or “OAR parole.”

Immigration Documentation Commonly Used by Afghan Arrivals

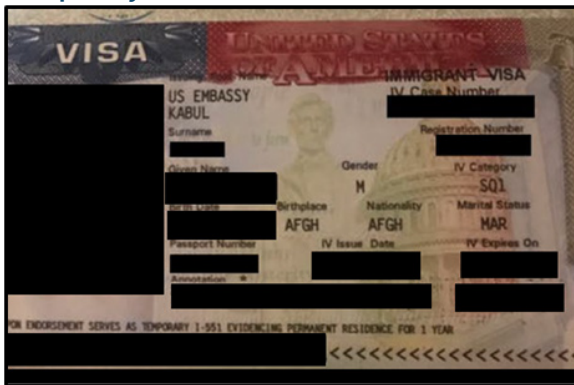
SI LPR and SI CPR – Form I-551, Permanent Resident Card

A Form I-551, Permanent Resident Card (PRC), is also known as a Green Card. SI LPRs and SI CPRs receive a PRC that, in the Category field, reflects one of the applicable COAs noted on the previous page. For additional information regarding PRCs, please see the SAVE Guide on Immigration Documents Commonly Used by Benefit Applicants available in the SAVE system or by request to the SAVE relationship manager for your agency.

SI LPR and SI CPR – Foreign Passport with Machine Readable Immigrant Visa (Immigrant Visa)

The U. S. Department of State (DOS) issues and affixes an immigrant visa to a foreign passport page when the applicant is overseas. This visa reflects one of the SI LPR or SI CPR COAs noted in the chart above and generally includes the following notation: “Upon Endorsement Serves as Temporary I-551 Evidencing Permanent Residence for One Year.” When an Afghan arrives at a U.S. port of entry with a foreign passport containing the SI visa, Customs and Border Protection (CBP), a DHS component, endorses the immigrant visa by adding an admission stamp to the passport that includes the SI LPR or CPR COA. A foreign passport with an immigrant visa and a CBP-endorsed admission stamp reflecting an SI LPR or SI CPR COA is valid evidence of SI LPR or SI CPR status. If the foreign passport with the immigrant visa includes the Temporary I-551 notation, then this documentation is also valid evidence of identity and employment authorization for one year from the date of admission reflected on the CBP admission stamp.

SI Immigrant Visa (SQ1 LPR) with Temporary I-551 Notation



Customs and Border Patrol (CBP) Admission Stamp



SI LPR and SI CPR – Temporary Form I-551 Stamp⁵

In some situations, an SI LPR or SI CPR will not have an immigrant visa with the Temporary I-551 notation. Instead, they may have a Temporary Form I-551 stamp in their foreign passport. Also, if no foreign passport is available, the I-551 stamp may be placed on a Form I-94, Arrival/Departure Record, and a photograph of the bearer is affixed to the form.

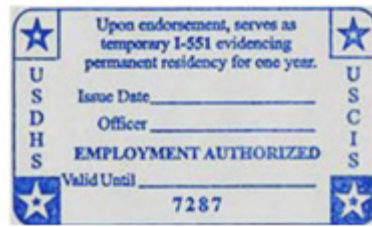
⁵ The Temporary I-551 stamp is sometimes referred to as an Alien Documentation Identification and Telecommunication (ADIT) stamp.

The Form I-551 stamp is valid until the expiration date stated on the stamp. Form I-551 stamps issued by CBP are valid until the date that CBP notes on the stamp. Form I-551 stamps issued by USCIS are valid for one year only.

Temporary I-551 Stamp – Sample 1



Temporary I-551 Stamp – Sample 2



SI and Non-SI Parolee – Form I-766, Employment Authorization Document (EAD)

Afghan SI and non-SI parolees are both paroled into the United States under section 212(d)(5) of the Immigration and Nationality Act and may have a Form I-766, Employment Authorization Document (EAD), with a C11 category and/or a CBP “PAROLED” stamp in their passport. Please note that SI and non-SI parolees will have a C11 category rather than the C09 category shown in the sample EAD below.

Form I-766, EAD



Parole Stamp in Passport with OAR COA



SI Parolee - Form I-94 Arrival/Departure Record with USCIS SQ4/SQ5 Notation

Afghan SI parolees will have a separate, printed page on CBP letterhead with their Form I-94, Arrival/Departure Record, and the following notation, signed and dated by a USCIS officer:

Special Immigrant Status (SQ/SI) Parolee
 Sec 602(b)(1) AAPA / Sec 1059(a) NDAA 2006
 Date _____ USCIS officer: _____

Unlike an EAD with a C11 category, which can be issued to both SI and non-SI parolees, this Form I-94 with a USCIS SQ4/SQ5 notation is issued only to Afghan SI parolees.

**Form I-94 with CBP DT Parole COA
 Changed by USCIS to SQ4/SQ5 SI Parole COA**

U.S. Customs and Border Protection
 Securing America's Borders

Most Recent I-94

Admission (I-94) Record Number: [REDACTED]
 Most Recent Date of Entry: 2021 August 02
 Class of Admission : DT
 Admit Until Date : 07/31/2022
 Details provided on the I-94 information form:

[REDACTED]

Passport Number : [REDACTED]
 Country of Issuance : Afghanistan

*SPECIAL AFFIDAVIT STATUS (SI) PAROLE
 (SI) RES/DTI KAPR I (SI) (CON) NORA 2022
 Date: 07/31/2022 USCIS stamp: [REDACTED]*

Get Travel History

Effective April 26, 2013, DHS began automating the admission process. An alien lawfully admitted or paroled into the U.S. is no longer required to be in possession of a preprinted Form I-94. A record of admission printed from the CBP website constitutes a lawful record of admission. See 8 CFR § 1.4(d).

If an employer, local, state or federal agency requests admission information, present your admission (I-94) number along with any additional required documents requested by that employer or agency.

Note: For security reasons, we recommend that you close your browser after you have finished retrieving your I-94 number.

For inquiries or questions regarding your I-94, please click here

Accessibility Privacy Policy

Non-SI Parolee - Form I-94 Arrival/Departure Record with OAR, PAR, or DT COA

Afghan non-SI parolees may also have a Form I-94 printed from the CBP Form I-94 website with a parole COA such as OAR, PAR, or DT.

Form I-94 with OAR COA

U.S. Customs and Border Protection
 Securing America's Borders

Most Recent I-94

Admission (I-94) Record Number: [REDACTED]
 Most Recent Date of Entry: 2021 August 31
 Class of Admission : OAR
 Admit Until Date : 08/30/2023
 Details provided on the I-94 information form:

Last/Surname : [REDACTED]
 First (Given) Name : [REDACTED]
 Birth Date : [REDACTED]
 Passport Number : [REDACTED]
 Country of Issuance : Afghanistan

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If an employer, local, state or federal agency requests admission information, present your admission (I-94) number along with any additional required documents requested by that employer or agency.

Note: For security reasons, we recommend that you close your browser after you have finished retrieving your I-94 number.

DHS Form I-94 (Rev. 08/2021)
 Registration Code: 0000000000

SAVE Verification Process

SAVE user agencies must follow the normal SAVE verification process to verify an Afghan national's immigration status or parole. SAVE responses verifying any of the Afghan arrival immigration status or parole categories that this sheet addresses will also reflect the COA and/or EAD Category (also referred to as EAD "Provision of Law") and other information noted in the chart and accompanying notes on page 3 above. User agencies may verify an applicant's Afghan citizenship or nationality by following the instructions in the Afghan parolee section of the [DHS REAL ID FAQ](#). If the initial SAVE response does not provide all the immigration information your agency needs, or if your agency or the benefit applicant disagrees with the response, you must submit an additional verification request. In that situation, please note any additional information you need in the comments field for your submission.

Resources

USCIS SAVE

- For the latest information regarding Afghan OAW arrivals, visit the [SAVE What's New page](#).
- Send questions to your SAVE Agency Relationship Manager or to SAVE.help@uscis.dhs.gov.
- To track the progress of their immigration status verification case, benefit applicants can use [SAVE CaseCheck](#). Benefit granting agencies can provide the verification case number so applicants can check the status of their case online without visiting the agency, and they can receive updates on when to return to the agency.
- For more information visit www.uscis.gov/save.

USCIS

- For Afghan nationals requesting humanitarian parole, information sheets for parolees after being processed on military installations ("safe havens"), vaccine information, as well as information for individuals who may be eligible for Special Immigrant status or already started the process Afghan nationals, visit [Information for Afghans](#).
- For more information, visit www.uscis.gov.

DHS

- For information concerning Operation Allies Welcome, including benefits for Humanitarian Parolees, press releases and statements, Presidential Memorandum, Frequently Asked Questions, and Fact Sheets, visit [Operation Allies Welcome](#).
- For information on the eligibility of Afghan nationals paroled into the United States for REAL ID compliant driver's licenses and identification cards, visit [DHS REAL ID FAQ](#).

CBP

- To request electronic Form I-94 issued by CBP, visit [I-94 – Travel Records for U.S. Visitors](#).
- For a list of local CBP contacts, visit [Deferred Inspection Sites](#).
- For mobile portal to CBP services, visit [CBP One™ Mobile Application](#).